

Remote 8-bit I/O expander for I²C-bus

PCF8574

1 FEATURES

- Operating supply voltage 2.5 to 6 V
- Low standby current consumption of 10 μ A maximum
- I²C-bus to parallel port expander
- Open-drain interrupt output
- 8-bit remote I/O port for the I²C-bus
- Compatible with most microcontrollers
- Latched outputs with high current drive capability for directly driving LEDs
- Address by 3 hardware address pins for use of up to 8 devices (up to 16 with PCF8574A)
- DIP16, or space-saving SO16 or SSOP20 packages.



The device consists of an 8-bit quasi-bidirectional port and an I²C-bus interface. The PCF8574 has a low current consumption and includes latched outputs with high current drive capability for directly driving LEDs. It also possesses an interrupt line (INT) which can be connected to the interrupt logic of the microcontroller. By sending an interrupt signal on this line, the remote I/O can inform the microcontroller if there is incoming data on its ports without having to communicate via the I²C-bus. This means that the PCF8574 can remain a simple slave device.

2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The PCF8574 is a silicon CMOS circuit. It provides general purpose remote I/O expansion for most microcontroller families via the two-line bidirectional bus (I²C-bus).

The PCF8574 and PCF8574A versions differ only in their slave address as shown in Fig.10.

3 ORDERING INFORMATION

TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE		
	NAME	DESCRIPTION	VERSION
PCF8574P; PCF8574AP	DIP16	plastic dual in-line package; 16 leads (300 mil)	SOT38-4
PCF8574T; PCF8574AT	SO16	plastic small outline package; 16 leads; body width 7.5 mm	SOT162-1
PCF8574TS; PCF8574ATS	SSOP20	plastic shrink small outline package; 20 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT266-1

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4 BLOCK DIAGRAM

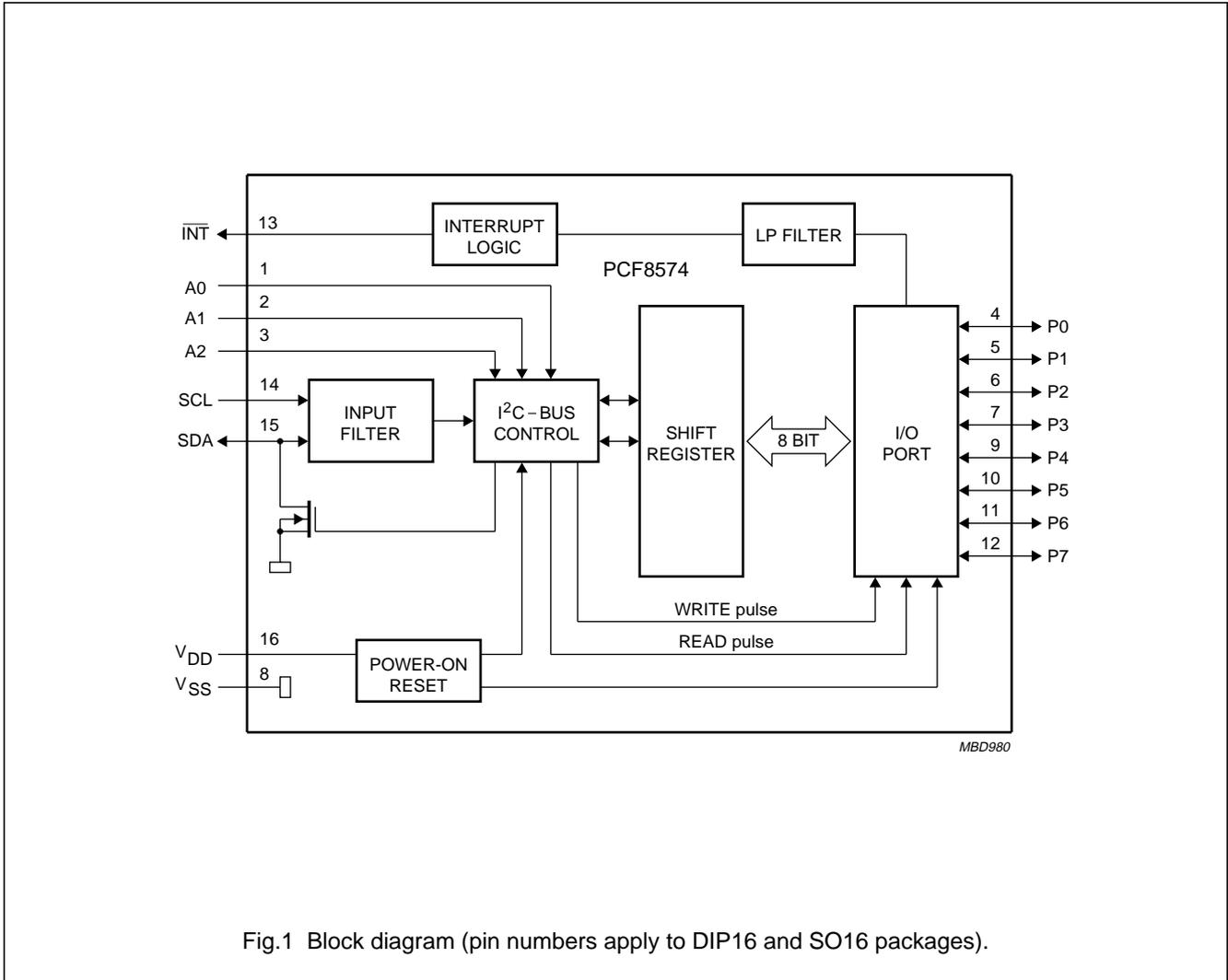


Fig.1 Block diagram (pin numbers apply to DIP16 and SO16 packages).

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7 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

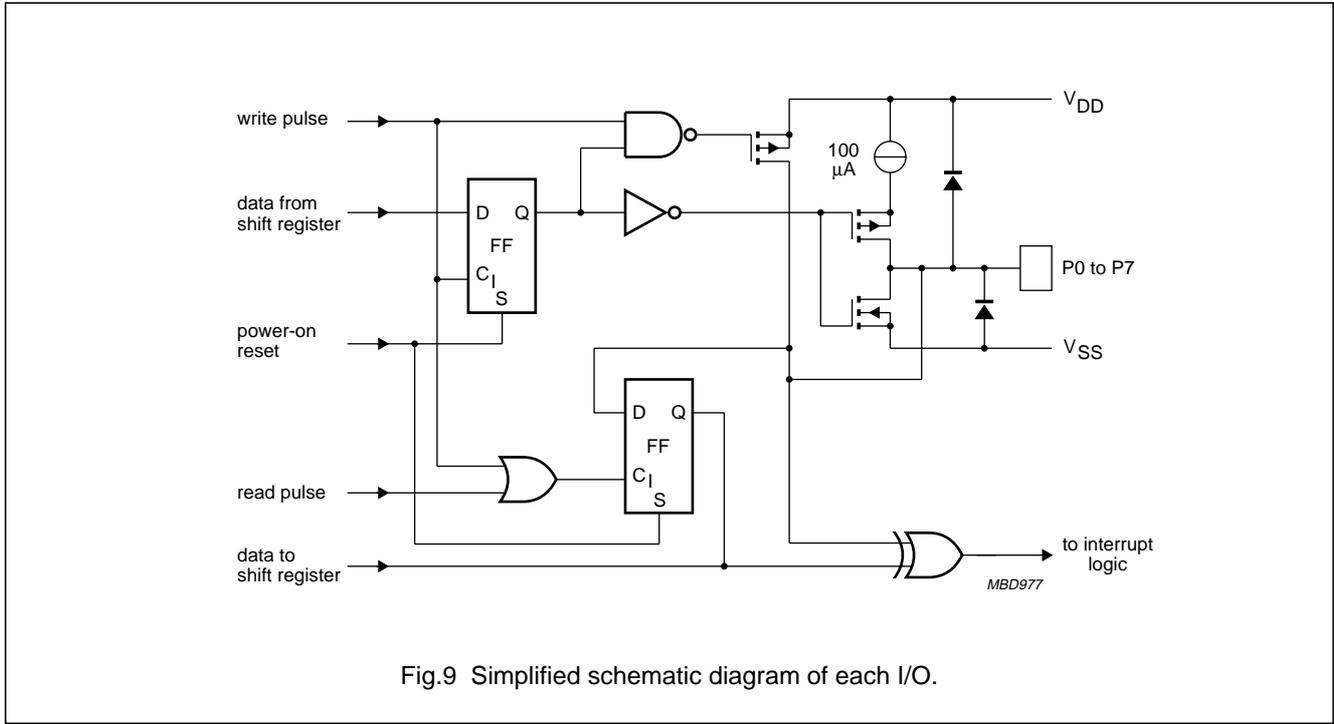


Fig.9 Simplified schematic diagram of each I/O.

7.1 Addressing

For addressing see Figs 10, 11 and 12.

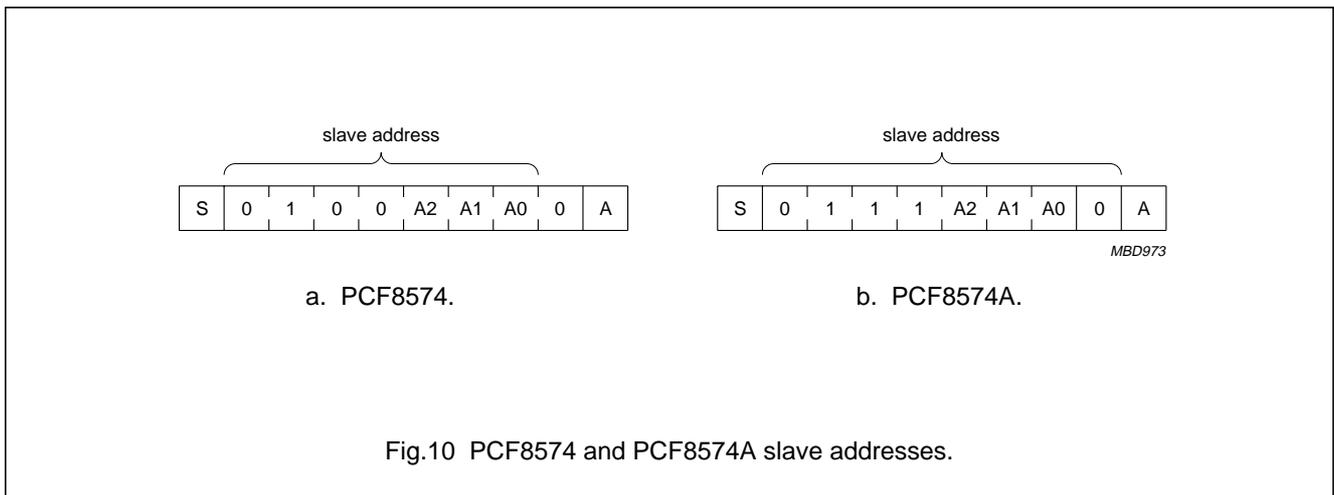


Fig.10 PCF8574 and PCF8574A slave addresses.

Each of the PCF8574's eight I/Os can be independently used as an input or output. Input data is transferred from the port to the microcontroller by the READ mode (see Fig.12). Output data is transmitted to the port by the WRITE mode (see Fig.11).

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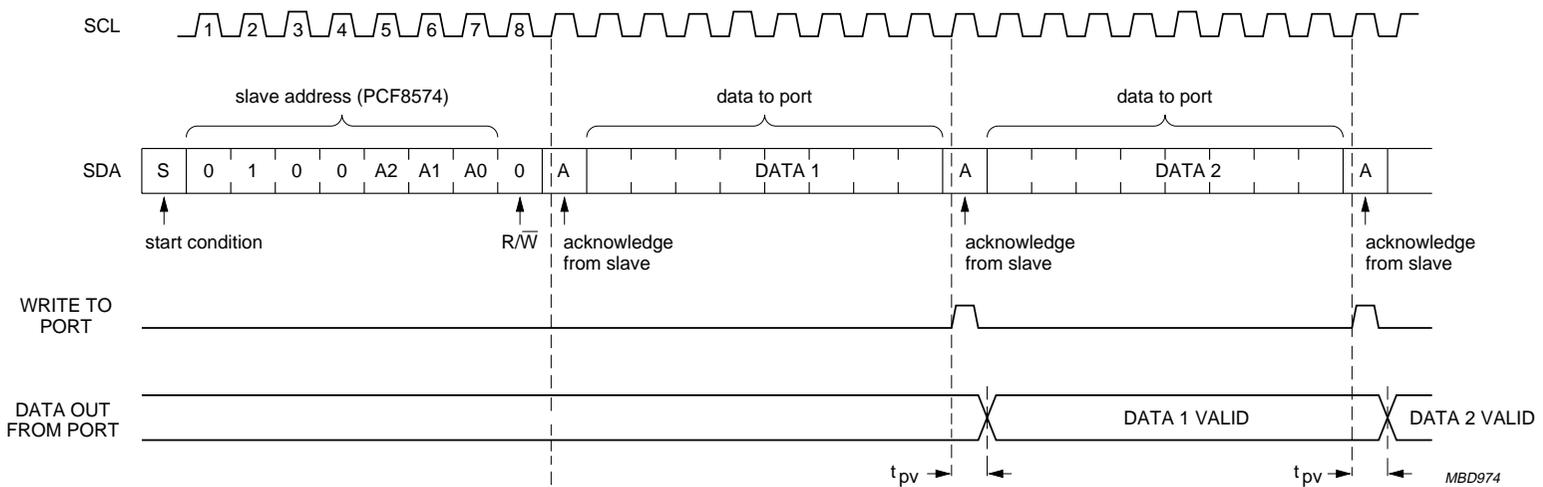
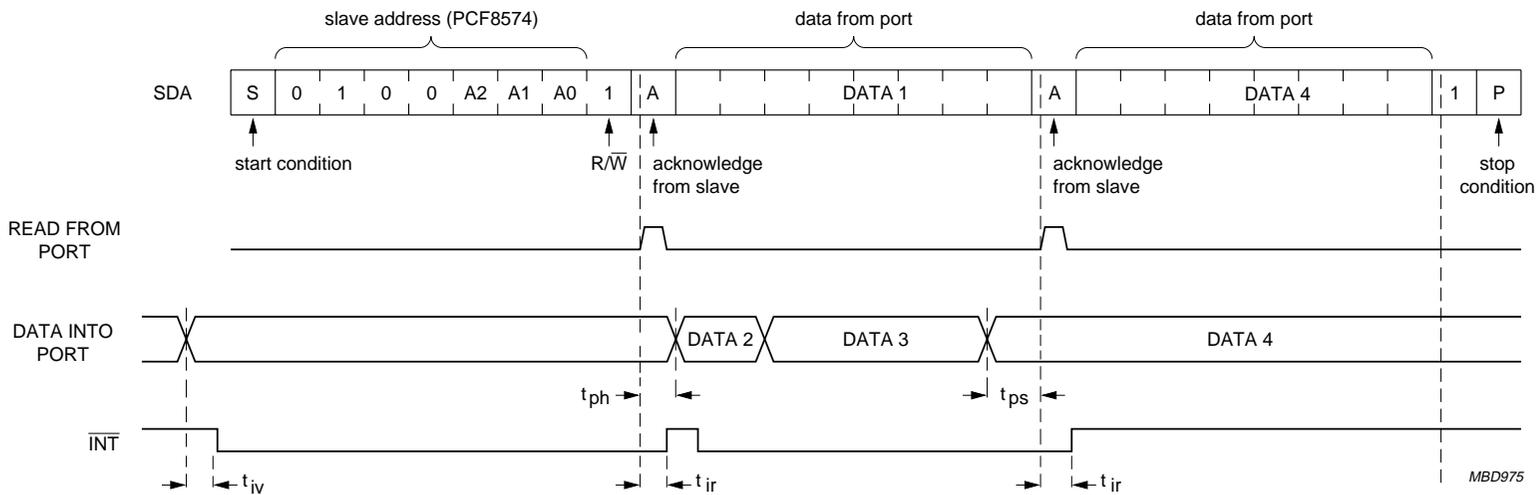


Fig.11 WRITE mode (output).

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A LOW-to-HIGH transition of SDA, while SCL is HIGH is defined as the stop condition (P). Transfer of data can be stopped at any moment by a stop condition. When this occurs, data present at the last acknowledge phase is valid (output mode). Input data is lost.

Fig.12 READ mode (input).